

Сектор за међународне економске односе Центар за Северну, Централну и Јужну Америку и Аустралију Београд, 15. јули 2019. године

### ОБАВЕШТЕЊЕ ЗА ИЗВОЗНИКЕ У АУСТРАЛИЈУ

- Примена нових мера у Аустралији на увоз појединих производа из Србије - (примена од 1. септембра 2019. до 31. маја 2020. године)

Привредна комора Србије обавештава све привредне субјекте који извозе и/или се припремају за извоз производа у Аустралију, о примени нових мера које је прописала Влада Аустралија на увоз појединих производа из Србије. Наиме, нове мере се односе на спровођење додатног инспекцијског надзора свих пошиљки које пристижу у Аустралију услед примене сезонских мера за "Вгоvn marmorated stink bug" (БМСБ), тј. смеђе мраморне стенице и то у периоду од 1. септембра 2019. године до 31. маја 2020. године.

Услед експанзију инсекта "Brovn marmorated stink bug" (БМСБ) широм Европе и Северне Америке, Аустралија је ојачала надзор за примену сезонских мера за управљање ризиком од доласка БМСБ у Аустралију (2019—2020. године). Нове мере су резултат истраживања и анализе надлежних одељења Владе Аустралије, а базиране су на основу научних информација, као и пројекције засноване на подацима прикупљених из активности верификације БМСБ сезоне за период 2018/19. године. Прилично је извесно да ће и Нови Зеланд применити заштитне мера на увоз одређених врста робе из Србије, имајући у виду да су аустралијски Оделење пољопривреде и водних ресурса и новозеландско Министарство за примарне индустрије (МПИ), сарађивали на дефинисању ових мера за период 2019-2020, како би осигурали конзистентност по том питању где год је то могуће.

Имајући у виду да је Република Србија једна од земаља ризика за експанзију БМСБ, свака пристигла пошиљка робе из Србије на аустралијску територију од 1. септембра до 31. маја 2020. године биће предмет спровођења додатног инспекцијског надзора од стране аустралијских надлежних органа. За робу која је класификована као високоризична, предвиђено је да буде подрвгнута одговарајућем offshore mpemmaну — термичкој обради или фумигацији. Поред тога, ови производи ће бити подложни onshore инспекцији различитог интензитета у зависности од тога у коју категорију су сврстани.

У прилогу Вам достављамо објављена документа, а детаљније информације о новим сезонским мерама за БМСБ сезону 2019/20. годину, можете погледати на званичном линку Министарства пољопривреде Владе Аустралије:

www.agriculture.gov.au/import/before/brown-marmorated-stink-bugs#industry-advice-notices .

За додатна питања, стојимо Вам на располагању: Марица Видановић, Руководилац Центра за Северну, Централну и Јужну Америку и Аустралију; тел: 066 875 1208 или marica.vidanovic@pks.rs.

С поштовањем,

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Руководилац Центра



Seasonal measures for the 2019–20 brown marmorated stink bug

(BMSB) risk season



In response to the rapid expansion of BMSB throughout Europe and North America, the Department of Agriculture has strengthened the seasonal measures to manage the risk of BMSB arriving in Australia during the 2019–20 BMSB risk season.

For the 2019-20 BMSB risk season, measures will apply to:

- · certain goods manufactured in, or shipped from target risk countries, and/or
- · vessels that berth at, load or tranship from target risk countries,

from 1 September 2019 and that arrive in Australian territory by 31 May 2020 (inclusive). You must comply with these measures for vessels and goods during the BMSB risk season.

### Target risk countries

The following countries have been categorised as target risk:

Albania	France	North Macedonia
Andorra	Georgia	Romania
Armenia	Germany	Russia
Austria	Greece	Serbia
Azerbaijan	Hungary	Słovakia
Belgium	Italy	Slovenia
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Kosovo	Spain
Bulgaria	Liechtenstein	Switzerland
Canada	Luxembourg	Turkey
Croatia	Montenegro	United States of America
Czechia	Netherlands	
Japan (heightened vessel surveillar	nce will be the only measure applie	ed).

In addition, the department continues to review the changing risk status of BMSB and will also be undertaking random onshore inspections on goods from other emerging risk countries to verify pest absence in goods.

## Vessel surveillance and inspections

All roll-on roll-off (ro-ro) vessels will be subject to heightened vessel surveillance during the season. All ro-ro vessels that berth at, load or tranship in target risk countries from 1 September 2019 and that arrive in Australian territory by 31 May 2020 (inclusive) will be required to:

- conduct self-inspections and respond to specific questions as part of the pre-arrival reporting requirements, and
- undergo a mandatory seasonal pest inspection on arrival in Australia.

### **Vessel Seasonal Pest Scheme**

A Vessel Seasonal Pest Scheme (VSPS) will be introduced for the 2019–20 risk season as an alternative vessel clearance pathway for ro-ro vessels.

- Only ro-ro vessels that are eligible for the VSPS and have detected no insects on board will be exempt from the mandatory seasonal pest inspection.
- The department will continue to perform inspections on vessels for other biosecurity reasons unrelated to BMSB. The nature of these inspections will vary based on the particular biosecurity risk being managed.

#### Goods

A full list of the tariffs for the 2019–20 season is available at agriculture.gov.au/bmsb.

- Target high risk goods will require mandatory treatment
- Target risk goods will not require mandatory treatment
- All target high risk and target risk goods will be subject to increased on hore intervention through random inspection.

### **Treatment requirements**

# Mandatory offshore treatment Break bulk consignments

Mandatory offshore treatment of target high risk goods shipped as break bulk cargo, including goods shipped in open top containers or on flat rack containers, will be required. Untreated break bulk will be denied discharge and be directed for export on arrival.

Target high risk goods requiring mandatory offshore treatment that arrive untreated, or treated by an unapproved treatment provider in a target risk country, will be directed for export on arrival.

# Mandatory offshore or onshore treatment

## Containerised cargo shipped as LCL and FAK containers

Mandatory offshore or onshore treatment of target high risk goods shipped in sealed six hard sided containers will be required. LCL (Less than Container Load) and FAK (Freight of All Kind) containers with target high risk goods will be managed at the container level for BMSB risk prior to deconsolidation. Containers treated offshore will be subject to early reporting to enable timely movement off wharf and will be permitted to deconsolidate.

Containers seeking onshore treatment will also be subject to early reporting and will be permitted to move to an Approved Arrangement site for treatment at the container level (deconsolidation or segregation of goods will not be permitted).

## Containerised cargo (other than LCL and FAK containers)

Mandatory offshore or onshore treatment of target high risk goods shipped in sealed six hard sided containers will be required. Deconsolidation or segregation of goods will not be permitted.

Consideration must be given to ensure containers are packed in a manner that will enable effective onshore treatment where required, to avoid possible export of goods.

### **Treatment options**

The approved treatment options for BMSB risk are heat treatment, methyl bromide fumigation and sulfuryl fluoride fumigation. For information on proposed treatment rates, visit agriculture.gov.au/bmsb.

## Offshore BMSB Treatment Providers Scheme

Offshore treatment providers in target risk countries must first register and be approved by the department. Existing treatment providers will also need to re-register with the department. Goods that are treated by a treatment provider in a target risk country that is not registered with the scheme will be directed for export or onshore treatment (if permitted).

### **Safeguarding Arrangements Scheme**

A scheme which allows certain goods and supply chains to be recognised under safeguarding arrangements has been developed. Under the scheme, approved participants will be recognised for their ability to manage biosecurity risk and seasonal hitchhiker pest risk, such as BMSB offshore, from the point of manufacture to the point of embarkation. The scheme will consider the ability of an applicant to manage biosecurity and seasonal hitchhiker pest risk through an assessment of supply chains and offshore facilities. The scheme will be trialled with select industry participants before becoming open to broader industry applicants.

#### **Further information**

For full details on the 2019–20 BMSB seasonal measures and for information on how to prepare for import during the BMSB season, visit agriculture.gov.au/bmsb.

Any questions relating to the policy for seasonal pests can be emailed to spp@agriculture.gov.au.



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### **ATTACHMENT B**

The proposed list of goods including tariff chapters for target high risk and target risk goods is still under consideration, and there may be considerations to exclude lower tariff classifications if applicable.

### Target high risk goods

Goods that have been classified as target high risk will require mandatory treatment and will be subject to random onshore verification inspections.

36 - Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	74 - Copper and articles thereof	84 - Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof
44 - Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal	75 - Nickel and articles thereof	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles
45 - Cork and articles of cork	76 - Aluminium and articles thereof	86 - Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electromechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds
57 - Carpets and other textile floor coverings	78 - Lead and articles thereof	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway rollingstock, and parts and accessories thereof
68 - Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials	79 - Zinc and articles thereof	88 - Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof
69 - Ceramic products – including sub chapters I and II	80 - Tin and articles thereof	89 - Ships, boats and floating structures
70 - Glass and glass ware	81 - Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof	93 - Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof
72 - Iron and steel - including sub chapters I, II, III, IV	82 - Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal	
73 - Articles of iron or steel	83 - Miscellaneous articles of base metals	

## Target risk goods

Goods that have been categorised as target risk will not require mandatory treatment, however will be subject to increased onshore intervention through random inspection.

25 - Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement	31 - Fertilisers	47 - Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard
26 - Ores, slag and ash	38 - Miscellaneous chemical products	48 - Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard
27 - Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes	39 - Plastics and articles thereof - – including sub chapters I and II	49 - Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans
28 - Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes - including sub chapters I, II, III, IV and V	40 - Rubber and articles thereof	56 - Wadding, felt and nonwovens; special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof
29 - Organic chemicals - including sub chapters I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII and XIII	46 - Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basket ware and wickerwork	